ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION



MERCHANT BARS

EPD Registration n°: S-P-11658

CPC code: 412

Based on PCR: PCR 2019:14 Construction products v 1.3.1 EN:15804:2012+A2:2019 - UNI EN ISO 14025:2010

ISO 21930:2017

Programme: The International EPD System www.environdec.com **Programe operator:** EPD international AB www.environdec.com

San Didero plant

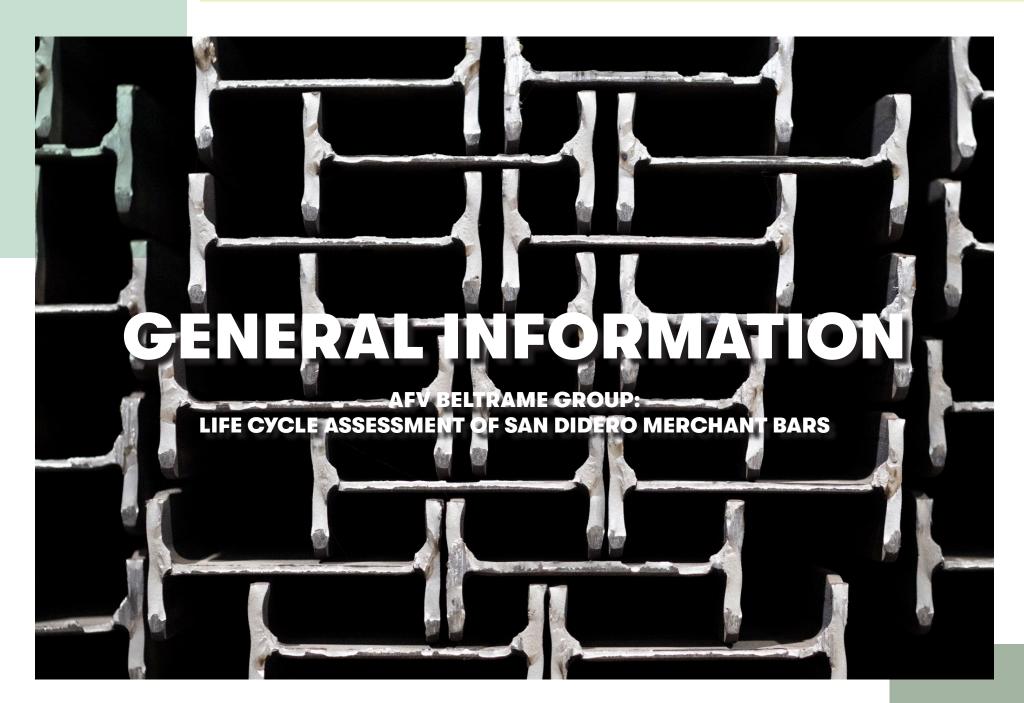
Issue date: 2023-12-18 Validity date: 2028-12-18





An EPD should provide current information and may be updated if conditions change. The stated validity is therefore subject to the continued registration and publication at www.environdec.com





PROGRAM INFORMATION



EPD REFERENCES

PROGRAM OPERATOR: EPD INTERNATIONAL AB, BOX 21060, SE-100 31 STOCKHOLM, SWEDEN; info@environdec.com

INDEPENDENT VERIFICATION

ISO standard ISO 21930 and CEN standard EN 15804 served as the core PCR. PCR 2019:14 Construction products, Version 1.3.1.

PCR review was conducted by: The Technical Committee of the International EPD® System. See www.environdec.com/TC for a list of members. Review chair: Claudia A. Peña, University of Concepciòn, Chile. The review panel may be contacted via the Secretariat www.environdec.com/contact.

Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to EN ISO 14025:2010.

Third party verifier. Rina Service S.p.A. Via Corsica 12,	
Genova - Italy. ACCREDIA: Registration number: 0002VV	

EPD process certification (internal)

EPD verificatio

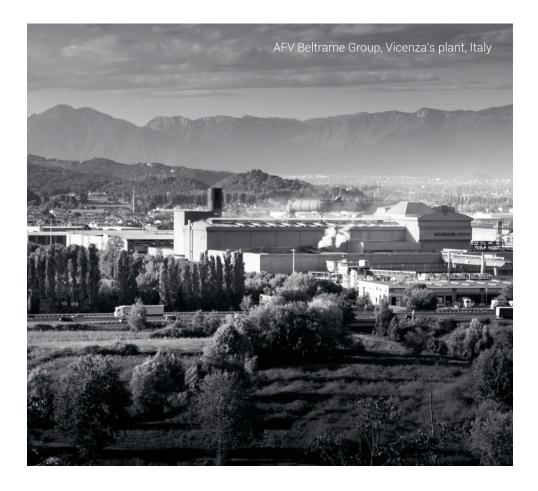
Accredited by: Accredia

Procedure for follow-up during EPD validity involves third party verified

√ Yes



EPDs within the same product category but from different programmes blished within the same product category, but from different programmes may not be comparable. EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with EN 15804. EPD owner has the sole ownership, liability and responsibility of the EPD. This declaration has been developed referring to the International EPD System, following the General Programme Instructions v 4.0; further information and the document itself are available at: www.environdec.com. EPD document valid within the following geographical area: Italy and other countries worldwide according to sales market conditions.





THE COMPANY



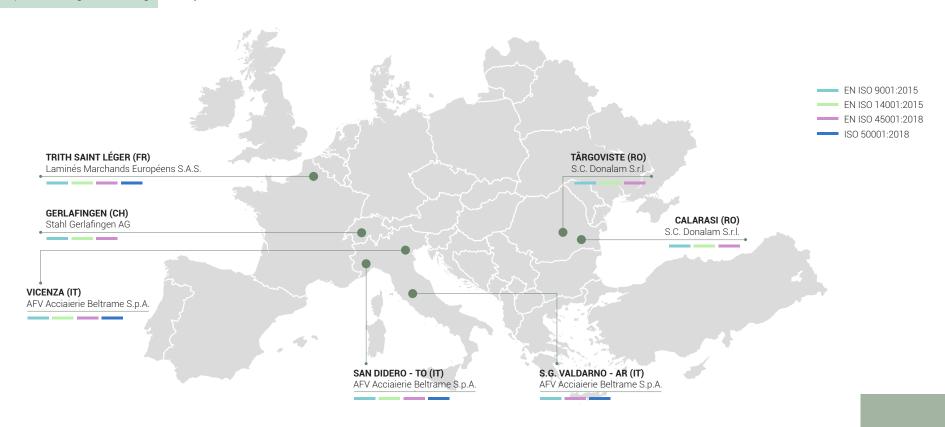
The AFV Beltrame Group has operated in the steel industry for over a century, producing rolled sections for use in construction, shipyards, and excavators.

The facilities, which have a production capacity of approximately **3,2 million tons,** include four electric furnaces and twelve rolling mills. These are scattered in seven plants located in **Italy, France, Switzerland, and Romania.**

Their geographical distribution is very advantageous given the areas where the products are consumed and those where raw materials are purchased.

The AFV Beltrame Group is commercially present in all European markets as well as in the Mediterranean region through shares in local companies, agents, or the internal sales force.

All employees, amounting to approximately **2,250 people**, are strongly committed and motivated to satisfy the customers' needs through constant improvements in production, organization and level of service. In order to support the principles in the code of ethics and the policy regarding **Quality, Health and Safety, Environment** and **Energy** (QHSEE), all production plants have adopted an Integrated Management System.





DETAIL PRODUCT DESCRIPTION



This EPD refers to construction products hot rolled structural merchant bars produced at Vicenza plant, with electric arc furnace route, starting from post and pre consumer steel scraps, varying steel grades, e.g. S235, S275, S355, etc.

DECLARED UNIT (D.U.) The declared unit is 1 tonne (1000 kg) of hot rolled merchant bars.

PRODUCT DIMENSIONS AND SPECIFIC STANDARDS:

- ► EN 10025-1:2019
- ► EN 10025-5:2019.
- ► EN 10025-2:2019
- ► Attestation of conformity system 2+ (CE marking)

PRODUCT	STANDARD	DIMENSIO	ONS (mm)	THICKNESS (mm)		
PRODUCI	STANDARD	from	to	from	to	
Tees	EN 10055:1995/DIN 59051	45	100	4,5	11	
Flats	EN 10058:2003	20	100	3	-	
Wide flats	DIN 59200:2001	151	200	5	25	
Squares	EN 10059:2003	-	-	8	50	
Rounds	EN 10060:2003	-	-	6	70	

CONTACTS

EPD OWNER: AFV ACCIAIERIE BELTRAME SPA, Via Pramolle, 1, 10050 San Didero, Torino - Italy

Giovan Battista Landra (gb.landra@beltrame-group.com) - Phone: +39 0444 967245 Andrea Costa (a.costa@beltrame-group.com) - Phone: +39 0444 967367 Technical support to Beltrame Group was provided by Spinlife (via Enrico degli Scrovegni, Padova) and Alperia (Via Dodiciville, Bolzano).







SCOPE AND TYPE OF EPD®



THE APPROACH USED IN THIS EPD IS "CRADLE TO GATE WITH OPTIONS" ONE

The detailed environmental performance (in terms of potential environmental impacts, use of resources and waste generation) is presented for the three phases Upstream, Core and Downstream and related sub-phases (A1-A2-A3-A4-C1-C2-C3-C4-D). Construction installation (A5) and use phase (B1-B7) are modules not declared (ND).

The electricity mix used for AFV is modeled as a mix of electricity taken from the grid with warranty certificates and some without, resulting in a GWP-GHG of 0.264 kg CO₂e/kWh.



TYPE OF EPD®: Product EPD®



Report LCA SDD rev finale 18-12-2023



REFERENCE PERIOD: 1st semester 2023



GEOGRAPHICAL SCOPE OF THE EPD: World according to sales market conditions.



SOFTWARE: SimaPro ver. 9.3 (www.pre.nl)



MAIN DATABASE: Ecoinvent 3.8

Environmental declarations published within the same product category, though originating from different programs, may not be comparable.

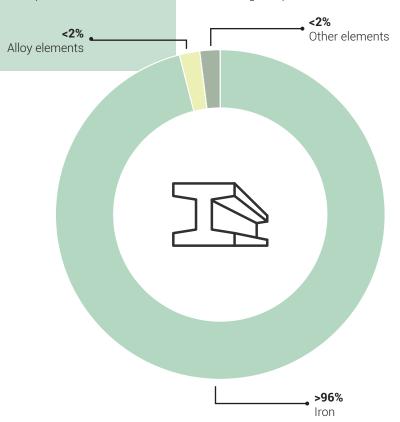
TABLE OF MODULES																	
	PRODUCT STAGE			CONSTRUCTION USE STAGE EN			END OF LIFE STAGE			AGE	BENEFITS AND LOADS BEYOND THE SYSTEM BOUNDARIES						
	Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport from the gate to the site	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse/ Recovery/ Recycling potential
MODULE	A1	A2	А3	A4	A5	В1	В2	ВЗ	В4	В5	В6	В7	C1	C2	С3	C4	D
Module declared	Х	Х	Х	Х	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Geography	ΙΤ	ΙΤ	ΙΤ	WLD	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	WLD	WLD	WLD	WLD	WLD
Specific data used	>90%		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Variation-products	NOT RILEVANT		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Variation-sites	NC	NOT RILEVANT		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



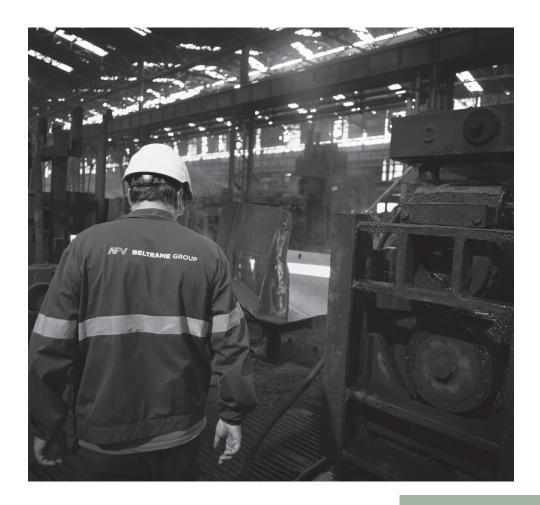
CONTENT DECLARATION



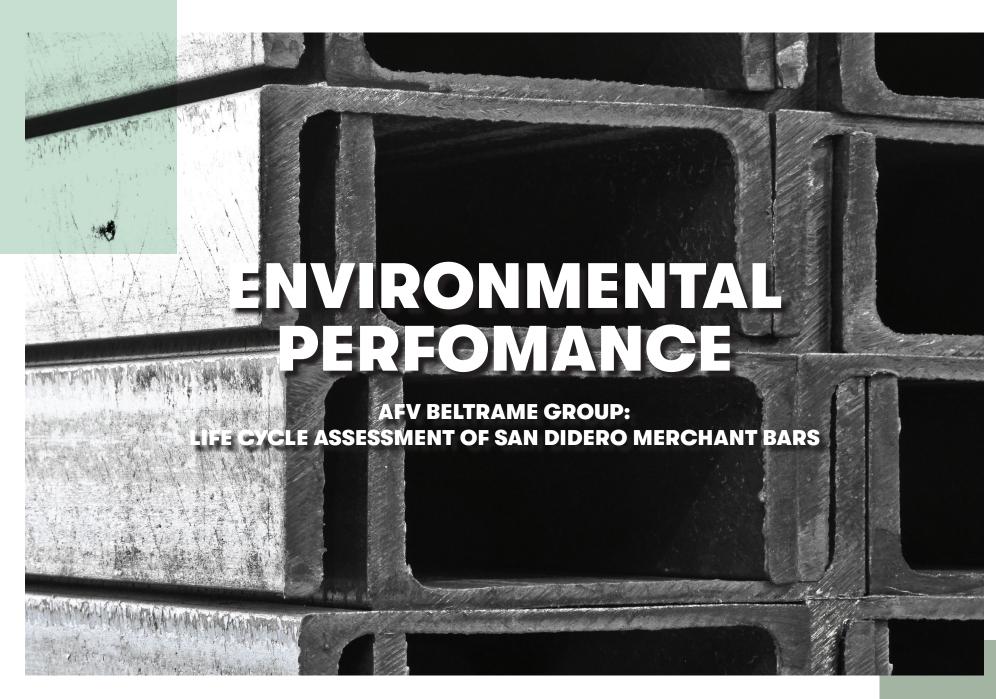
The product here considered has the following composition:



No packaging is required for functional unit delivery and distribution, and no renewable material is contained in functional unit.







ENVIRONMENTAL PERFOMANCE



GWP: Global warming potential, total; **GWP,b:** Global warming potential, biogenic; **GWP,f:** Global warming potential, fossil;

GWP,luluc: Global warming potential, land use & land use change; **GWP,qhq:** Global warming potential, excluding biogenic

uptake emission and storage.

ODP: Ozone depletion potential; **AP:** Acidification Potential;

EP,f: Eutrophication potential, freshwater; **EP,m:** Eutrophication potential, marine; **EP,t:** Eutrophication potential, terrestrial;

POCP: Photochemical ozone creation potential;

ADPE: Abiotic depletion potential minerals & metals*;

ADPF: Abiotic depletion potential fossil fuels*; **WDP:** Water use deprivation potential*.

...

*: The results of these environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator.

		ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT	S PER DECLA	RED UNIT				
Potential environmental impacts	Detection on increase and linear acts				DOWNSTR	EAM		D
Potential environmental impacts	UNITS / D.U.	A1-A3 TOTAL	A4	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP (a)	kg CO ₂ eq	5.73E+02	3.33E+01	6.37E+00	1.65E+01	1.60E+00	8.77E-01	-7.57E+01
GWP,b	kg CO ₂ eq	1.38E+01	5.46E-02	2.14E-03	1.35E-02	4.42E-02	7.49E-04	2.76E-01
GWP,f	kg CO ₂ eq	5.59E+02	3.32E+01	6.37E+00	1.65E+01	1.55E+00	8.76E-01	-7.59E+01
GWP,IuIuc (b)	kg CO ₂ eq	2.29E-01	1.59E-02	6.37E-04	6.47E-03	3.49E-03	4.86E-04	-2.23E-02
GWP,ghg (c)	kg CO ₂ eq	5.62E+02	3.32E+01	6.37E+00	1.65E+01	1.56E+00	8.77E-01	-7.60E+01
ODP	kg CFC11 eq	8.26E-05	7.62E-06	1.38E-06	3.88E-06	9.11E-08	2.52E-07	-2.95E-06
AP	mol H+ eq	1.32E+02	1.54E-01	6.69E-02	1.13E-01	9.26E-03	6.72E-03	-2.75E-01
EP,f	kg P eq	1.65E-01	3.19E-03	1.99E-04	1.07E-03	1.49E-03	6.43E-05	-2.83E-02
EP,m	kg N eq	2.97E+01	4.83E-02	2.96E-02	4.43E-02	1.76E-03	2.52E-03	-6.28E-02
EP,t	mol N eq	1.28E+02	5.26E-01	3.25E-01	4.84E-01	1.62E-02	2.76E-02	-6.66E-01
POCP	kg NMVOC eq	8.42E+01	1.64E-01	8.93E-02	1.33E-01	4.53E-03	7.73E-03	-3.87E-01
ADPE (d) (e)	kg Sb eq	9.25E-04	8.57E-05	3.31E-06	5.78E-05	1.47E-05	2.77E-06	8.15E-05
ADPF (d)	MJ	9.04E+03	5.20E+02	8.83E+01	2.53E+02	3.24E+01	1.69E+01	-7.67E+02
WDP*	m³ world eq.deprived	2.50E+02	2.07E+00	1.33E-01	7.40E-01	3.66E-01	3.58E-01	-4.35E+00

Additional environmental impact indicators are computed in the LCA report but not reported in the EPD.

(a) The total global warming potential (GWP-total) is the sum (see C.2) of GWP-fossil, GWP-biogenic, GWP-luluc.

(c) The GWP-GHG indicator is identical to GWP-total except that the characterisation factor (CF) for biogenic CO2 is set to zero.

(e) Ultimate reserve model of the ADP-minerals&metals model.



⁽b) It is permitted to omit GWP-luluc as separate information if its contribution is < 5 % of GWP-total over the declared modules excluding module D.

⁽d) The abiotic depletion potential is calculated and declared in two different indicators: ADP-minerals&metals include all non-renewable, abiotic material resources (i.e. excepting fossil resources); ADP-fossil include all fossil resources and includes uranium.

ENVIRONMENTAL PERFOMANCE



PERE: Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;

PERM: Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;

PERT: Total use of renewable primary energy resources;

PENRE: Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;

PENRM: Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;

PENRT: Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources;

SM: Use of secondary raw materials; **RSF:** Use of renewable secondary fuels; **NRSF:** Use of non-renewable secondary fuels;

FW: Use of net fresh water.

		RESOURCE USE PER	DECLARED U	NIT				
Use of resources	UNITS / D.U.	UPSTREAM + CORE			OOWNSTREAM	1		D
OSC OF TESOURCES	ONITO / D.O.	A1-A3 TOTAL	A4	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PERE	MJ	9.32E+02	8.11E+00	3.83E-01	2.66E+00	5.44E+00	1.42E-01	-7.35E+00
PERM	MJ	1.32E+02	2.29E+00	1.13E-01	8.86E-01	8.21E-01	5.34E-02	-6.48E+00
PERT	MJ	1.06E+03	1.04E+01	4.96E-01	3.55E+00	6.26E+00	1.96E-01	-1.38E+01
PENRE	MJ	9.76E+03	5.20E+02	8.83E+01	2.53E+02	3.24E+01	1.69E+01	-7.68E+02
PENRM	MJ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
PENRT	MJ	9.76E+03	5.20E+02	8.83E+01	2.53E+02	3.24E+01	1.69E+01	-7.68E+02
SM	MJ	1.18E+03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0,00E+00
RSF	MJ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
NRSF	MJ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
FW	m³	6.95E+00	7.55E-02	4.45E-03	2.62E-02	2.66E-02	8.81E-03	-1.16E-01





ENVIRONMENTAL PERFOMANCE



HWD: Hazardous waste disposed;

NHWD: Non-hazardous waste disposed;

RWD: Radioactive waste disposed;

CRU: Components for re-use; **MFR:** Materials for recycling;

MER: Materials for energy recovery;

EE: Exported energy.

OUTPUT FLOWS AND WASTE CATEGORIES PER DECLARED UNIT								
Use of resources	LINITE / D.I.I	UPSTREAM + CORE			DOWNSTR	EAM		D
Ose of resources	UNITS / D.U.	A1-A3 TOTAL	A4	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
HWD	kg	1.32E-02	1.23E-03	2.42E-04	6.62E-04	2.83E-05	3.59E-05	-8.60E-03
NHWD	kg	2.65E+02	4.47E+01	1.20E-01	1.29E+01	1.25E-01	5.05E+01	-2.23E+00
RWD	kg	2.95E-02	3.49E-03	6.10E-04	1.71E-03	2.35E-04	1.12E-04	-6.59E-04
CRU	kg	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
MFR	kg	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	9.50E+02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
MER	kg	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
EE	MJ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00





CALCOLATION RULES



METHODOLOGY

The environmental burden of the product has been calculated according to the GPI v. 4.0 issued by the International EPD System¹ (Cradle to gate with options).

This declaration is based on the application of Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) methodology to the whole life-cycle system.

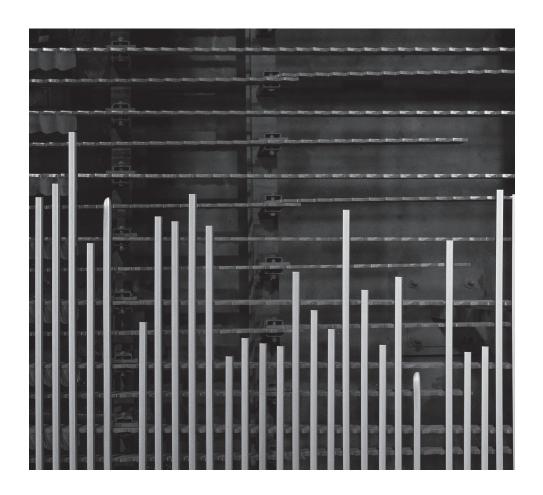
Merchant bars at plant level was described by using specific data from San Didero plant for the 1st semester 2023, the amount of merchant bars produced is 63.570 tons.

Customized LCA² questionnaires were used to gather in-depth information about all aspects of the production system (for example, raw materials specifications, pre treatments, process efficiencies, air emissions, waste management), ultimately providing a complete picture of the environmental burden of the system from raw materials supply (A1) to Transport (A2) and Manufacturing (A3). The use phase was not considered according to EN:15804 and PCR 2019:14 v 1.3.1, while transport to final destination (A4) and end-of-life phases (C1-C2-C3-C4-D) were considered.

The product is designed to operate under air and water. Therefore, in nominal installation and operating conditions, no emissions to these compartments shall occur. Data quality has been assessed and validated during data collection process. According to EN:15804 the applied cut-off criterion for mass and energy flows is 1%.

DECLARED UNIT

Bars are usually traded in mass so that the declared unit is 1 ton of merchant bars.







¹⁾ International EPD System is managed by EPD International AB (www.environdec.com).

²⁾ The LCA methodology is standardized at international level by ISO 14040 and ISO 14044.

CALCOLATION RULES



UPSTREAM	CORE	 DOWNSTREAM	•

According to the PCR 2019:14 v. 1.3.1 the main activities are listed and divided in three subsystems: **UPSTREAM Process, CORE Module, DOWNSTREAM Process.**

	UPSTREAM		CORE	DOWNSTREAM		
	Scrap pre-treatment		Supplying transport	A4	Distribution	
	Demolition		Billets production			
	Demontion		Hot rolling process	C1	De-costruction/demolition	
	Shearing		Packaging	C2	Transport	
A1	Crushing	A2/ A3	Internal handing			
	Material and energy ware production	Ancillary activities	C3	Waste processing		
			Air emission	C4	Disposal	
	Other raw materials		Water emission			
	Energy		Wastes	D	Reuse-Recovery-Recycling potential	

Figure 1. Scheme of the considered system boundaries (including upstream, core and downstream main processes).



UPSTREAM PROCESS



UPSTREAM CORE DOWNSTREAM



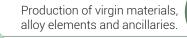




Scheme of the considered system boundaries (upstream processes).



Pre and post consume steel scrap collection.







Specific secondary materials pre-treatments, where appropriate.

Generation of electricity and other fuels from primary and from secondary energy resources (excluding waste treatments).



A1 - Raw Materials Supply



CORE PROCESS



UPSTREAM CORE DOWNSTREAM







Scheme of the considered system boundaries (core processes).



Raw materials transportation from production or collection facilities to the production plant and internal transportation.





Packaging materials.





Specific secondary materials pre-treatments, where appropriate.

Treatment of waste generated from the manufacturing processes.



A2 - Transportation + A3 - Manufacturing



DOWNSTREAM PROCESS



JPSTREAM CORE DOWNSTREAM









A4 DISTRIBUTION

Transport to the customers. Distances estimated considering the transported quantities and the distances from Vicenza plant to the client. Final products are delivered to many national and international areas.



C1 DE-CONSTRUCTION DEMOLITION

Dismantling and demolition operations required to remove the product from the building. Initial onsite sorting of the materials is included as well.



C2 TRANSPORT

Transportation of the discarded product as part of the waste processing (to recycling site or to a final disposal site).



WASTE PROCESSING

Waste processing, including collection of waste fraction from deconstruction and waste processing of material flows intended for reuse, recycling and energy recovery.



C4 DISPOSAL

Waste disposal including physical pre-treatment and management of the disposal site.



REUSE - RECOVERY RECYCLING POTENTIAL

Environmental impacts associated to waste use after the investigated system (including recycling).



ADDITIONAL INFORMATION



Main environmental characteristics of the considered plants are:

- 1. EAF primary and secondary dedusting achieve an efficient extraction of all emission sources by using direct off-gas extraction (shaft) and total building evacuation, with subsequent dedusting by means of a bag filter.
- 2. Prevention and reduction of (PCDD/F) and (PCB) emissions by using the combination of the following techniques:
 - appropriate rapid quenching of the EAF off-gas;
 - injection of adsorption agents into the duct;
 - · final dedusting with a bag filter.
- 3. Minimisation of water consumption by using a recirculating loop cooling system with purge recovery. Removal of solids by sedimentation or filtration, removal of oil with skimming devices.
- 4. Prevention and reduction of waste generation by using the following techniques:
 - appropriate collection and storage to facilitate specific treatments;
 - on-site recovery and recycling of specific by-products from the different processes;
 - external recovery of filter dusts in the non-ferrous metal industry (zinc,lead);
 - · separation of scale in the water treatment process and external recovery in the cement and blast-furnace industry;
 - recovery of EAF slag as a secondary raw material (inert aggregates) in the construction industry.
- 5. Radiation monitoring of scraps and raw materials by means of detection equipmentinstalled at the weighing post. In accordance with general EPD® requirements the LCA study used specific, genericand other generic data. This last data contributes to the environmental indicators (less than 10%).
- 6. There is pre-consumer and post-consumer recycled material content in all products, derived from iron scrap. The environmental indicator "Use of secondary raw materials SM" does not indicate the precise amount of recycled, as the recycled content must take into account any percentages of internal waste generated during the production process, not counting these as recycled. The total recycled content (>95%) represents the sum of the purchased scraps splitted between Pre-consumer and Post-consumer.

PRODUCT	PRE-CONSUMER RECYCLED CONTENT (%)	POST-CONSUMER RECYCLED CONTENT (%)
Rillets /	100	500



Life Cycle Assessment of San Didero merchant bars.

Hot rolled merchant bars



REFERENCES

• EN 15804:2012+A2:2019

ISO 14040: 2021

· ISO 14044: 2021

• General Programme Instructions, v 4.0

PCR 2019:14 - Construction products - v 1.3.1

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